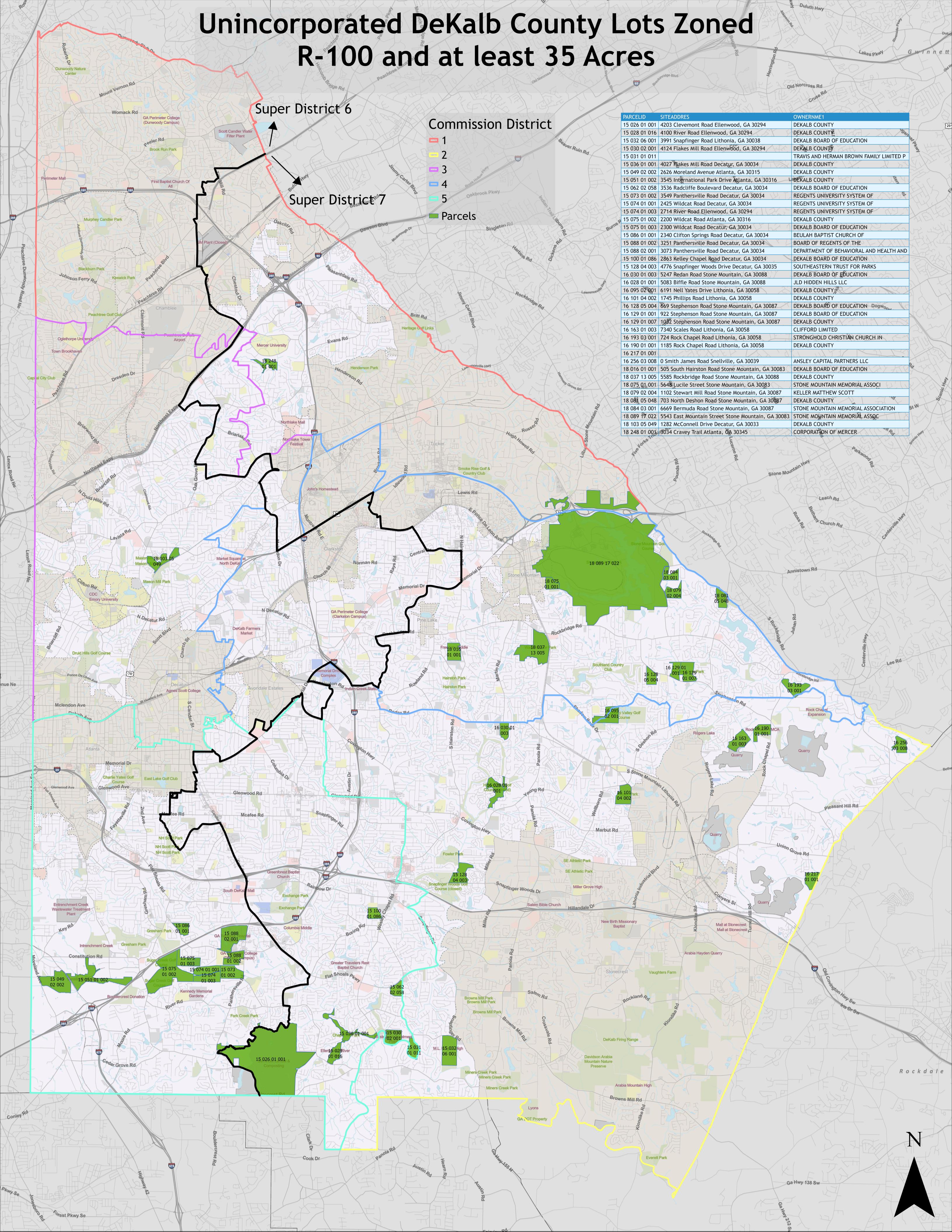
- CODE OF DEKALB COUNTY Chapter 27 - ZONING ARTICLE 4. – SUPPLEMENTAL USE REGULATIONS 27-4.2.62 CAMPGROUND SUPPLEMENTAL REGULATIONS

This proposed ordinance amends Chapter 27, Article 4 of the DeKalb County Zoning Ordinance by creating a new land use category for campgrounds. The ordinance permits campgrounds as a principal use in the R-100 and RE zoning districts under certain conditions with the prupose of allowing a proper permitting channel for Commercial Campgrounds while preserving greenspace and promoting low-density development around existing low-density residential areas.

Key Provisions:

- Definitions: To ensure that campgrounds are properly regulated and permitted, the proposed ordinance introduces specific definitions related to campgrounds, including terms such as "Commercial Campground," "Campsite," "Temporary Structures," "Semi-Permanent Structures," and "Permanent Structures."
- 2. **Permitted Locations**: Campgrounds are allowed only on parcels zoned R-100 or RE with a minimum lot size of 35 acres, this makes up forty (40) lots throughout the county. Staff has also produced a map displaying these and have further categorized them as *unlikely to be a campground* and *potential to be campground*.
- 3. **Buffer Requirements**: A 200-foot buffer must be maintained between campgrounds and surrounding properties to protect adjacent residential areas from potential noise and activity, preserving the character of low-density neighborhoods.
- 4. **Campsite Occupancy**: The ordinance limits the number of campsites per acre, with specific regulations for temporary, semi-permanent, and permanent structures to maintain low-density usage.
- 5. **Maximum Stay Limits**: Campers are limited to a stay of 15 days within a two-month period, reducing the intensity of use and its impact on nearby residents.
- 6. **Emergency Access and Fire Prevention**: Strict requirements for emergency access and fire prevention protect both campers and the surrounding environment, ensuring that greenspace is not compromised by unmanaged risk.
- 7. **Waste Management**: Campgrounds must follow stringent waste management protocols to prevent environmental contamination, further protecting greenspace and the health of the surrounding area.
- 8. **Property Maintenance**: The ordinance mandates that campgrounds be kept in a safe, clean, and sanitary condition, ensuring that the low-density, greenspace-preserving character of the area is maintained.



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AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND CHAPTER 27, ARTICLE 4 OF THE DEKALB COUNTY ZONING ORDINANCE, BY CREATING A NEW LAND USE RELATING TO CAMPGROUND, AND BY AMENDING THE LAND USE TABLE OF ARTICLE 4 TO ALLOW CAMPGROUNDS AS A PRINCIPAL USE IN THE R-100 DISTRICT UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS, AND TO CREATE SUPPLEMENTAL REGULATIONS FOR CAMPGROUNDS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

WHEREAS, the development of recreational campgrounds is a valuable economic and social benefit to the community; and

WHEREAS, the location and design of campgrounds can impact the surrounding environment and public health; and

WHEREAS, the public interest requires that campgrounds be designed and operated in a manner that minimizes noise, traffic, and other negative impacts on nearby residents; and

WHEREAS, the County desires to promote responsible tourism and recreation in the area, while also protecting the natural resources and environmental quality of the region.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Governing Authority of DeKalb County, Georgia, and be it hereby ordained by the Authority of same, that Chapter 27 of the Code of DeKalb County, as revised 1988, is hereby amended as follows:

PART I. ENACTMENT

By amending Section 27-4.1.3 (Land Use Table) to allow campgrounds as principal uses in the R-100 and RE zoning districts subject to certain supplemental regulations; and

By adding to Section 27-9.1.3 – Defined Terms of the Code of DeKalb County, as revised 1988, as follows:

- a) **Commercial Campground**: A designated land use for temporary accommodation in structures such as, but not limited to, tents, RVs and yurts for recreational purposes operated by a licensed entity.
- b) **Campsite**: Designated land within within a commercial campground for a specific camping structure type. Each campsite shall only host one (1) structure.

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- c) **Temporary Structures:** Temporary structures include tents and other structures which are easily assembled and disassembled and/or moved, without permanent foundations. All locations shall be clearly marked, such as with flags, signage, stakes, etc.
- d) **Semi-Permanent Structures:** Semi-permanent structures include canvas or membrane-covered frame structures such as yurts, teepees, and covered wagons.
- e) **Permanent Structures:** Permanent structures encompass cottages and cabins constructed with durable materials and are fixed in place by a permanent foundation.

By creating Section 27-4.2.62 -Campground Supplemental Regulations of the Code of DeKalb County, as revised 1988, as follows

2) Permitted Locations

a) Campgrounds shall be permitted only on parcels zoned R-100 and RE with a minimum lot size of 35 acres.

3) **Buffer Requirements**

a) Campgrounds shall maintain a minimum transitional buffer of 200 feet from surrounding lots following the guidelines outlined in Section 27-5.4.5 (B) (2)

4) Maximum Occupancy

- a) The maximum number of campsites shall be determined by campsite type:
 - i) Temporary Camping: 5 temporary structure campsites per acre
 - ii) Semi-Permanent and Permanent Structures: 2 semi-permanent and/or permanent structures per acre

5) Maximum Stay Limits

a) Campground operators shall establish maximum stay limits for campers, which shall not exceed 15 days within a two-month period.

6) Emergency Access and Fire Prevention Measures

- a) Campgrounds shall maintain clear and unobstructed emergency access routes to facilitate the ingress and egress of emergency vehicles. These access routes shall be regularly maintained and marked with appropriate signage.
- b) Campground operators shall implement fire prevention measures, including the provision of adequate firefighting equipment, the establishment of firebreaks or defensible space around the campground perimeter, and the implementation of fire safety protocols in accordance with local fire codes and regulations.

7) Waste Management

- a) Campground operators shall ensure that trash is managed on-site and removed from the premises regularly during the camping period and upon completion of camping activities.
- b) All sewage management systems shall be regularly maintained to prevent environmental contamination and public health hazards
- c) There shall be no dumping of waste materials including sewage and cooking waste such as bones, ashes, etc.
- d) Sewage generated within the campground must be disposed of in accordance with the following methods:
 - i) Connection to an off-site facility approved by the DeKalb County Environmental Health Department or the State of Georgia.
 - ii) Connection to a permitted and properly installed on-site wastewater disposal system.
 - iii) Utilization of incinerating, composting, or portable toilets that are properly maintained and disposed of in compliance with applicable regulations.

8) **Property Maintenance**

a) The lot, parcel, tract, or mining claim on which camping occurs must be maintained in a safe, clean, and sanitary manner and must not create a nuisance or adverse impacts to surrounding property, land, or land uses.

By amending Section 27-4.1.3 (Land Use Table) to allow campgrounds as principal uses in the R-100 district subject to certain supplemental regulations; and

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